



Gillespie Elections Admin Snubs Republicans; Forces Electronic Poll Pads On Early Voters

Unless he changes his mind--which he can--our Elections Administrator, Jim Riley, will be using electronic poll pads to check in voters during early voting for the March 5 Republican Primary.

This action by Mr. Riley is contrary to the promise the Republican Party made to voters when the Republican County Executive Committee passed a resolution August 2023 that called for hand counting and paper poll books for both early voting and election day.

This grievous situation is due to an apparent contradiction in the Election Code between the Party's right to control their own election, and the Election Administrator's control of the "administration" of early voting.

Early Voting Clerk

The Election Code defines the Elections Administrator as the "early voting clerk," and the Secretary of State's office has ruled that signing in voters during early voting is an administrative task, which the Administrator controls.

Note that the Party still controls how voters check in on election day, and on election day Republican voters will check in on Combination Forms.

Democrat voters will continue to use electronic tabulators and electronic, wireless poll pads.

Why Sign In Voters?

Signing in to vote serves two major purposes:

1. identifies the voter as being eligible to vote in the Primary;
2. records the signature of the voter, which is an oath that the voter is who he says he is, and that he is eligible to vote at that time and place.

The identification and oath taking processes can be achieved by either the electronic poll pad, or by the paper Combination Form.

By my memory, Combination Forms were used in Gillespie County through the general election of 2020, and in parts of the county for the election after that. Since then, most county-wide elections have used poll books.

City has no Problems

As far as I know, the city of Fredericksburg still uses hand counting of paper ballots, and signs in their voters on paper poll books. Additionally, the city hasn't had any significant problems using these methods, nor has the city gone bankrupt, which you would think if you believe all the false claims made about hand-counting.

Role of the Elections Administrator

Primary elections in Texas are conducted by the individual parties--Republican, Democrat, Libertarian, etc.

The Election Administrator's office is taxpayer supported to serve the voters and voting entities of Gillespie county, to assist in

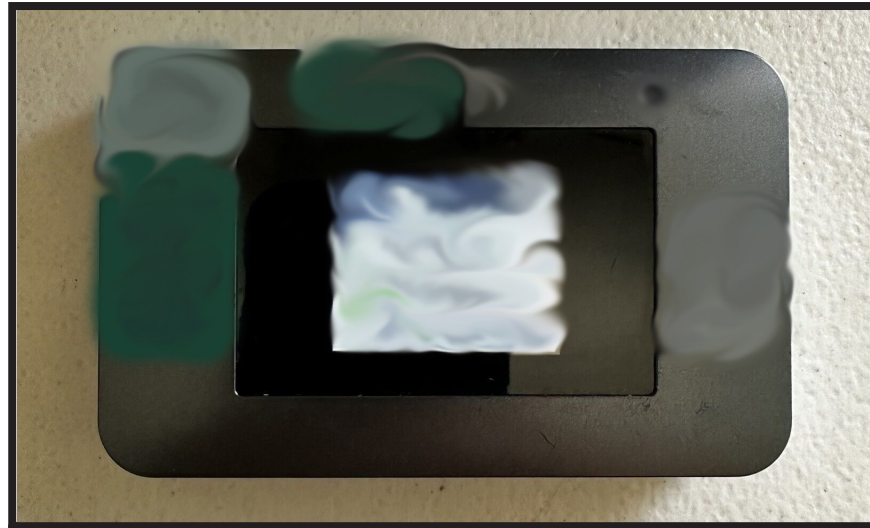


Photo of a cellular capable Netgear modem, similar to the ones Gillespie County uses to connect to the KNOWiNK poll pads.

The modem uses the internet to connect the poll pads to the County Elections office, the State, and whoever else is accessing the line.

The modems may or may not be used when the poll pads are being used at the Elections office, since the KNOWiNK poll pad is a wireless device on its own. (Some technical details thanks to Dan Sundin.)

running elections.

In ignoring the clearly expressed wishes of the Republican Party, it appears that Jim Riley is not serving the will of the voters, but is using the discretion in the law to force the electronic poll pads on Republican voters.

The Voting Roster

According to Texas Election Code Sec. 87.121, detailing "early voting rosters," the code requires a list of voters, called the voter roster, be submitted to the Secretary of State each day of early voting, listing each voter's name, voter ID number, etc.

Republican Party Executive Committee members estimated

there would be a few hundred early voters per day.

The names of the voters are daily publicly posted on the county website, according to Jim Riley.

The Election Administrator is also required to submit and post a list of all voters who voted on election day. Party members estimated the number of voters on election day would be in the thousands.

Voting Roster Initially Offered as an Excuse for Poll Pads

A member of the Republican Executive Committee documented the development of the argument that the poll pads were necessary to compile the voting roster, and follows, by David Treibs:

An Account of the Negotiations involving Electronic Poll Pads and Voter Rosters

The negotiations were conducted between Republican County Chairman Bruce Campbell and Elections Administrator Jim Riley, and we were not privy to exactly who said what, so I will simply convey what we understood as it was conveyed to us.

At the first occurrence of the issue of signing in voters without a poll pad--as was specified in our resolution, one of the members of the County Executive Committee, Scott Netherland, asked Jim Riley how we would do it. Jim told him the Combination Forms.

We assumed this issue was settled.

Then at some point, it seemed that Jim forgot what he had told us. Jim was querying us how he was supposed to sign in voters without an electronic poll pad. We reminded him that he had already told us about the Combination Forms.

Eventually it became apparent Jim wanted to use the poll pads to compile the voter rosters.

We were told that this voter roster had to be completed and turned in by 11 pm or 12 pm the same day, giving only 4 or 5 hours to turn in the list, and the

Con't on p. 3, Riley

Poll Pads: Bpro/KNOWiNK's Uncertified, Internet-Connected, Cloud-Based Election Systems Are Foreign Influenced And Used To Illegally Process Election Results

September 12, 2023 By Joe Hoft, reprinted with permission

The Shady Origins And Foreign Influence Of The Uncertified, All-Inclusive Software Used Countrywide By Bpro/Knowink, by Jessica Pollema and Erin Clements

We recently reported that uncertified, cloud-based, internet connected, and all-inclusive election software is being used to illegally process official election results. Investigators revealed impossible voter registration data spikes along with tens of thousands of voter histories being backdated to provide further corroboration of election systems being subverted.

There are four major election software vendors that appear to have the functional capability to touch virtually all aspects of our elections in a centralized fashion. The election software vendors are BPro, KNOWiNK, Tenex, and VR Systems. ES&S's "Electionware" software appears to provide similar in-house software capabilities. There are others.

The main point is this: The software provides the capability to modify voter registrations, create ballots out of thin air that can be printed in areas not monitored by poll watchers, change tabulation results, and even affect what is reported on election night. Thus, each of the vendors carry the same vulnerabilities explained in the linked articles above.

The most prominent of the all-inclusive software is called "Total-

Vote," created by election vendor BPro.

When you trace any of the election equipment vendors back far enough, whether its ES&S, Diebold, or Dominion, you will find that their origins converge with many of the same players and assets, switching from company to company. The effect provides a veneer of free market competition when the truth could not be further. Likewise, the vendors of all-inclusive election software appear to have taken a page out of the same book. When you look at the collective coverage of these vendors on a U.S. map, it appears that every election jurisdiction is accounted for.

TotalVote was originally created by BPro. BPro was recently purchased by KNOWiNK, and their products are now being used in dozens of states.

This article will detail the shady origins of TotalVote software, its proliferation throughout the United States, and its disturbing connections.

Bpro, Born In South Dakota

From the outside, South Dakota looks like a great place to live and raise a family. The people are welcoming and trusting to a fault. But something has been brewing under the surface in South Dakota that is undermining elections across the country.

BPro was founded in 1985 by a

woman named Sandra Bowers, who sold the business to Brandon and Abbey Campea in 2009 who had relocated to South Dakota from Washington State. Before BPro merged with KNOWiNK in 2020, their software was being used in at least fifteen states.

BPro's office in the tiny city of Pierre, population 15,000, is singularly unimpressive. It is in a non-descript strip mall, across the street from a series of silos, with a marquee mockingly sporting South Dakota's motto: "Under God, the People Rule."

Even stranger than its outward appearance, are its posted hours. BPro is open only three days a week between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. It is hard to imagine how BPro adequately supports elections in 15 states, especially during election season, with hours like that. It makes you wonder where the real work is being done and who is really doing it -- more on that later.

The origin and proliferation of BPro's flagship software, TotalVote, is another enigma -- that stinks of corruption and backroom deals where the people ultimately lose.

Origin And Proliferation Of Total-vote

TotalVote was originally created in 2007 as an election night reporting system called the Central Election Reporting System (CERS). South Dakota Secretary of State,

Chris Nelson, commissioned BPro to create CERS as part of a case study funded with a grant from the Help America Vote Act (HAVA). CERS replaced South Dakota's existing manual election night reporting system with a centralized one controlled by the SOS. Nelson presented CERS to the National Association of Election Officials at their 2009 annual meeting. After this, CERS was renamed TotalVote and BPro assumed ownership of the software paid for with public funds -- a gift that ended up being

news from God...

"Ye that love the LORD, hate evil" Ps 97:10



The Kingstone Bible Issue 2, page 20; by Art A. Ayriss viewcomonline.com/the-kingstone-bible-issue-2/

extremely lucrative for BPro.

In another questionable move, Nelson gave away the publicly funded TotalVote software in 2009 to North Dakota, but Bpro was given a \$100,000 sole source contract to continue development and support of TotalVote. Then later in 2010, BPro entered another sole-source contract to administer TotalVote in Nebraska.

In 2011, Chris Nelson moved on to the Public Utilities Commission

Con't on p. 3, KNOWiNK

Editorials

Did the August 29 Republican Resolution for Hand Counting Allow for Electronic Poll Pads? No.

By David C. Treibs

One of the arguments for using poll pads during early voting is the suggestion that Republican hand-counting resolution does not explicitly forbid the use of poll pads during early voting, therefore, they can be used in addition to paper poll books.

This argument was developed by Bruce about Jan 6, after we rejected a proposed contract from Jim that included poll pads during early voting.

This argument is demonstrably false. From the very beginning, we were against all electronic voting devices, including poll pads during early voting.

The very first amended contract that I offered about August 8, 2023, when Mo was still chairman included the following language:

1.7 ...but explicitly no electronic equipment other than Duo Scanners for the handicapped...

1.9 Obtain voter registration lists from the voter registrar to be used during early voting and on Election Day to be provided on paper poll books only. Electronic poll pads shall not be used at any point

4. Voting System. The voting system to be used in the election and runoff election is the Texas Election Code Title 6 Chapter 65 method for hand counting votes, in each precinct, plus the Duo Scanners for handicapped voters, and paper poll books. No electronic devices shall be used in tabulating or voter check-in, including during early voting.

This initial amended contract set the tone and the terms of our debate. There was to be no electronic voting equipment during either early voting or

election day. That was clear.

About Oct 30 the Primary Committee considered another contract made by Bruce. The committee was concerned that this contract was not explicit enough in barring electronic voting machines including poll pads during early voting.

The Primary Committee added the following bolded language to clarify the matter:

1.7 Procure all necessary equipment*, prepare them for use at the early voting location and at the election day polling places, and transport them (or arrange to have them transported) to and from the early voting locations and at the election day polling places. (*Equipment excludes scanners or electronic poll pads)

The 12-22 contract we rejected 12-22 Bruce proposed another revised contract that removed all our language that explicitly rejected all machines, including poll pads during early voting.

Bruce's new contract explicitly included poll pads during early voting.

The Primary Committee rejected this contract because of the poll pads.

Bruce then brought the contract--minus the explicit reference to poll pads during early voting--before the full CEC, where he had the votes to pass it, but even in the full committee, the contract did not pass without language expressing our disapproval of the use of electronic poll pads in early voting.

"We request that electronic poll pads not be used based on their propensity for voter fraud."

The line of reasoning to adopt the contract was that, we had no mechanism to force Jim to follow our hand count resolution, and he was going to use them no matter what we said, but we needed a contract with the county, so we dropped the language specifically forbidding the use of electronic poll pads during early voting, and changed the language to mere disapproval of the use of poll pads:

We were led to believe that Jim accepted this language, even though his position had been that he would not accept a contract that did not expressly agree to poll pads during early voting. We later found out that Jim had rejected the wording, but agreed to include it in the addendum, to prove that he had considered it.

The August 29 resolution I am the one who constructed the hand-counting resolution, and I know what I intended, and what I argued during the hearing for the resolution: it was for no electronic machines of any sort during both election day, and early voting.

The wording of the August 29 resolution is in the featured window.

If I understand how the Texas Secretary of State applies Texas law to elections, we as a Primary Committee are not allowed to do something unless we are expressly authorized to do so by some statute of law.

Applying that principle to our resolution, the resolution does

August 29, 2023

Gillespie County Executive Committee of the Republican Party hereby adopts the following voting system in our elections:

paper poll books printed for each precinct, fixed 30 days before the election period, to be used during early voting and election day,

three copies of each poll book to be marked when each voter comes to vote;

precinct level voting on election day (no county-wide polling place program), hand-marked, sequentially numbered paper ballots preprinted on paper, possibly using counterfeit-resistant paper, signed by an election judge,

tabulation of ballots by hand count following the Texas Election Code, Chapter 65 procedures at the precinct level,

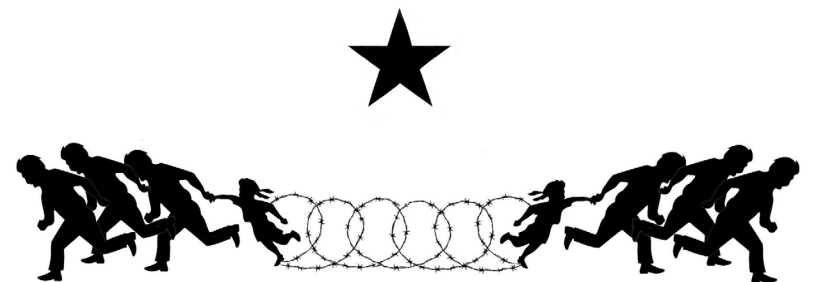
Early voting ballots to be voted at 1 location, and sorted by the voter into a ballot box for their precinct. Then our hand count teams will work with the early voting ballot board to manually count ballots with the early voting ballot board.

verifying vote results with random hand counts and robust audits,

not allow for the use of electronic poll pads, therefore, there is no authorization to use them either implicitly or explicitly, in

addition to our clear and unwavering intent, statements, and votes against them.

(c) 2024 David C. Treibs



Come and Fake It

Letters to the Editor

Dear Commissioner,

Can you explain to me why Texas is not giving permits to explore and drill within Texas borders, without regard to federal mandates?

When I was growing up in

Lubbock, we had an independent producer of oil - he owned a few wells in the area, had his own small refinery, and sold his gasoline through the two stations he owned. It was all intrastate.

Why in the heck do we not

encourage more of those little micro-refineries to keep our gas production local, crossing no state lines, and hopefully containing little or no ethanol! REAL GASOLINE - TEXAS STYLE! (We'd have Okies and Arkies bootlegging it into their respective states for their farms and ranches.) Seriously, I don't see why we need permission to drill on private land.

Issue the permits, and let them sue us. SOMEONE has to move to see that the USA has energy independence in the face of the lunacy currently being perpetrated upon us and the world. Other states should follow our example.

Respectfully,
Daniel New
Rancho Vista de Nada
Hamilton County, Texas

Biedermann or Troxclair?

The leadership of the House has more effect than anything any single legislator can do with even the most conservative voting record.

The conservative agenda of the State of Texas has been significantly blunted by House Speaker Dade Phelan, but he was able to do that only with the help of Republican legislators who put him in power.

Phelan, Conservatism Killer

It's not just that conservative legislation in the house was stunted or blocked, Phelan also effectively killed legislation passed by the Senate, by keeping it from passing in the House.

Additionally, Phelan appointed Democrat chairs to head various subcommittees, and these Democrat chairs further reeked havoc with conservative legislation.

All this loss to the state was directly foisted on Texas by those who voted Phelan as Speaker of the House, and one of those voting for him was our Rep, Ellen Troxclair.

It's not like there wasn't an alternative to Phelan; one of the top 5 most conservative members of the house--Tony Tindholt--ran for the office of Speaker, but Rep. Troxclair opted, instead, to vote for Phelan.

Impeach Ken Paxton

Besides the vote for Phelan as speaker, Troxclair's most important vote was to impeach Attorney General Ken Paxton.

Paxton is probably the most effective Attorney General in the US. I heard him say once, I wake up every morning and decide how to sue Joe Biden.

Unfortunately, Rep. Troxclair teamed with Democrats to impeach Ken Paxton. With no probable cause, no witnesses, no one under oath, no conviction of

a crime, and with nothing other than the hope that, maybe they'll find something, Rep Troxclair worked with Dade Phelan to remove Ken Paxton from office.

After Paxton was acquitted, Rep. Troxclair offered no apology for her actions.

Massacre of Conservative Legislation--48 Bills Killed

Following is a partial list of conservative legislation Rep. Troxclair indirectly killed by her support for Dade Phelan (from Luke Macias, Texas Score Card): --In-state Tuition Ban (illegals) --Critical Race Theory Ban at

- Universities
- Covid Vaccine Mandate Ban
- ESG Ban for State Pensions
- Border Invasion Declaration
- Eliminates County-wide Polling
- Election Integrity AG Empowerment
- Clean Inactive Voters From Rolls
- Ban on Red-flag Laws
- Protect Short Barrel Firearms
- Federal Gun Control Opposition
- China Land Ban
- <https://texasscorecard.com/commentary/48-conservative-bills-the-texas-house-killed-this-session/>

We need 100 more volunteers to help us hand count for the March 5 Primary. Must be registered to vote in Gillespie County. Contact (830) 998-1879; sirdavid@kctc.com

Our Vision

To provide a staunchly conservative paper that does not shy away from controversy.

To cover hot topics at local, county, state, national, and international levels, and to cover regular local news as we are able.

To be a voice for tax payers, property owners, and those not part of the establishment who feel that their views are not being adequately represented.

To provide a First Amendment forum for those whose views are excluded from the local media

Fredericksburg Liberty Bell

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Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances. First Amendment, US Constitution.

The Texas Constitution Article 1. Bill Of Rights Sec. 8. **FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND PRESS; LIBEL.** *Every person shall be at liberty to speak, write or publish his opinions on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that privilege; and no law shall ever be passed curtailing the liberty of speech or of the press. In prosecutions for the publication of papers, investigating the conduct of officers, or men in public capacity, or when the matter published is proper for public information, the truth thereof may be given in evidence. And in all indictments for libels, the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the Court, as in other cases.*

Whatever happens next DO NOT COMPLY

Con't from p. 1, Riley

only way to do that was with the electronic poll pads, which would automatically compile the list.

When we looked up the actual requirements in the Election Code, we discovered that the voter roster is required to be submitted to the Secretary Of State by 11 am the next day of early voting (giving 16 hours to generate the list), and, if I understand correctly, by 7 pm the next day for election day (giving 24 hours to generate the list).

We also could find no penalty for not turning in the list on time, other than their name

might go on a list of those who did not turn in the voter roster on time.

This extra time would have given Jim Riley sufficient time to manually type in the list, but that was not accepted.

We were told that it would be too costly to pay the employees to type in the list manually. We were told it would be overtime for the employees to type the list, and the county couldn't afford it. We offered to pay their costs, but that was not accepted.

We were told there weren't enough employees to type in the list, and Jim didn't want his employees exhausted from

staying up so late typing the list, so we offered to hire someone to do it, or to type in the list ourselves. We were told that nobody but elections staff were allowed to access the elections computers, so we offered to enter the data in a file and submit it to them. This offer was rejected.

The facade of the voting roster excuse finally failed completely when someone with database experience developed a program to streamline the data entry process so that all the names and data for the roster could be entered in a short period of time. We were then told that Jim Riley already had the capacity to do expedited data

entry, and he didn't need our help. Apparently it wasn't necessary for the employees to stay up all night typing large amounts of data.

Jim already had the capacity to enter thousands of names in a 24 hour period without an electronic poll pad (since we won't be using them on election day), but, somehow he is unable to enter a few hundred names in a 16 hour period--the few hundred voters each day of early voting.

After weeks of rebuffing our efforts to resolve the issue of the voter roster, and the supposed arduousness and excessive amounts of time to generate it, the entire issue appears to be

an excuse to justify the use of electronic poll pads.

After all, Jim Riley has repeatedly and publicly expressed his opposition to our understanding of the vulnerabilities and lack of transparency of electronic voting equipment, and his opposition to our resolution for hand counting without electronic equipment.

It seems apparent that, simply because he can, Jim Riley is determined for force our party to use electronic poll pads during early voting, if we want them or not.

Con't on p. 4, Action

Con't from p. 1, KNOWiNK

and was replaced by Jason Gant as Secretary of State. During his campaign, Jason Gant accepted a \$7,500 donation from BPro and a \$10,000 donation from South Dakota's voting machine provider, ES&S of Omaha, Nebraska.

After his election, Gant hosted a pheasant hunt with other Secretaries of State from across the country, with Brandon Campea, now owner of Bpro, also in attendance. Acceptance of questionable campaign donations from state vendors and expensive social outings with their owners was the first of many corrupt dealings that included missing funds, missing electronic records, lawsuits, and conflicts of interest.

Gant continued exporting TotalVote to as many states as possible behind the scenes. For example, in 2014, Hawaii signed a sole-source contract with Bpro for the voter roll maintenance and election night reporting system. In May of 2015, New Mexico entered a \$200,000 sole-source contract with BPro. The contract states that the TotalVote software was a "gift" from Secretary of State Jason Gant, but Gant had left office before this contract was made and there is no indication by what authority he was still giving away public property.

BPro also secured contracts with other states such as Montana, Iowa, Arizona, Washington (\$10 million), Pennsylvania (\$10 million), Oregon (\$7 million) and more. Thanks to Nelson and Gant's generosity in giving away state-funded software, BPro raked in the contracts which were not even put out for bid, as BPro claimed they were the only company who could service TotalVote.

Totalvote Grows Into Its Name

As TotalVote was being given away all over the country while securing lucrative sole-source contracts for BPro, it grew into an election software behemoth. TotalVote started out as a centralized election night reporting program. But since that humble beginning, TotalVote has added multiple functions that include everything having to do with the election except scanning paper ballots.

TotalVote now handles voter registration, voter information, centralized election monitoring, ballot printing and design, electronic ballot delivery, electronic pollbooks, creation of the election canvass documents, voter signature capture, precinct management, redistricting tools, address verification, campaign finance, and even geolocation of voters.

BPro's contracts with their various clients also claim that TotalVote is fully integrated with GIS (Geographic Information System), NCOA (National Change of Address), USPS (United States Postal Service), AAMVA (American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators), DMV (Department of Motor Vehicles, SSA (Social Security Administration), ERIC (Electronic Registration Information Center, Inc.), and other state and federal agency interfaces.

A contract between Santa Clara County, California and KNOWiNK/BPro discovered by an election integrity researcher, revealed that when a county uses their products, they turn over extremely broad powers for KNOWiNK/BPro to access any networked or wireless device remotely associated with the County:

Contract Excerpt Of County Devices Accessible By Knowink/Bpro

Exhibit H

Vendor Remote Access Agreement

1. Definitions

...
 (b) "County Systems," for purposes of this Exhibit, include but are not limited to, all County-owned, leased or managed servers, mainframe computers, desktop computers, laptop computers, handheld devices (including smart phones, wireless PDAs and Pocket PCs), equipment, networks, application systems, databases, software, phone systems, any device with network capabilities (e.g., a workstation with an attached modem, routers, switches, laptop computers, handheld devices), and any other system that stores, processes, and/or transmits County-owned information/data. These items are typically under the direct control and management of the County. "County Systems" also include these items when they are under the control and management of a service provider for use by County, as well as any personally owned device that an individual has express written permission to use for County purposes.

...

2. Scope of Access

(a) County grants REMote Access privileges (through the method described in section 9) for Contractor to access the following County Systems (collectively referred to as "Designated Systems"), in accordance with the terms of this Agreement:

County of Santa Clara Registrar of Voters (ROV) Election Information Management System (EIMS) and other ROV systems

All other forms of access to the Designated Systems, or to any County System that is not specifically named, is prohibited.

Agreement CW2233289 between County of Santa Clara and KNOWiNK, LLC page 62 of 70

Bpro's Connections To Communist China

In 2011, Jason Gant hired "Everyone Counts" of LaJolla, California to develop the first ever online military voting system, then called IOASIS. Gant used a federal grant and spent \$668,831 on a system only twenty-seven people used in the first year - about \$28,000 per vote. IOASIS morphed into a program that is now used for Uniformed and Overseas Citizen Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) voting.

In 2012, Everyone Counts was contracted to handle voting for the Academy Awards. The results

were unusual and led some to question the voting system. Since then, Everyone Counts was bought by Votem Corp, where Konnech's Eugene Yu was on the board. Konnech and Eugene Yu made headlines last year when it was discovered that they were stealing personal identifying information and storing it in communist China.

Another incident in New Jersey raises eyebrows about how connected BPro, KNOWiNK, Everyone Counts, and Votem really are. New Jersey signed a \$17 million contract with Everyone Counts for voter registration system maintenance. In 2019, after Votem acquired Everyone Counts, the company restructured, and sold the New Jersey contract to KNOWiNK. However, at the time, KNOWiNK was only known to sell and service e-poll pads, as they had not yet purchased BPro which handles voter registration. The questionable timing of this "inherited" contract by KNOWiNK without officially owning or selling voter roll maintenance software is an example of the smoke and mirrors in the election equipment shell game.

Bpro Relies On Foreign Software Developers In Violation Of Their Contracts

China isn't BPro's only foreign connection: The New Mexico SOS displays election results in both table and GIS map form. A candidate in New Mexico noticed that BPro's mapping feature is provided by a company called "Leaflet" who included a hyperlink at the bottom of all the state maps displaying election results (the hyperlink has since been removed by BPro):

New Mexico's Election Results Gis Maps Provided By Ukrainian Company "Leaflet"

Clicking on the hyperlink brought up fundraising advertisement for the Ukraine War and another link to information about Leaflet's creator, a native Ukrainian named Volodomyr Agafonkin. Per the website description, "Leaflet is the leading open-source JavaScript library for mobile-friendly interactive maps..."

Ukrainian War Advertisement From Leaflet's Developer Embedded In Bpro Software

The biggest problem with using foreign-created GIS features in BPro software is that they have signed at least a dozen contracts that contain a clause that work on sensitive data will be performed in the United States, including subcontractors:

Section Of Bpro's Contract With Arizona For Development Of Arizona Voter Information Database

(Avid)

If Leaflet products are used in the redistricting features and geolocation offered by BPro, which would seem to be a self-evident violation of BPro's contracts.

Bpro's Strange Artificial Intelligence Partner

Arizona's elections are now famous around the country for massive irregularities, incompetence, and fraud. It will surprise no one that BPro is right in the middle of Arizona's elections as one of the contractors that teamed up to create Arizona's voter database called AVID (Access Voter Information Database).

In 2017, a company called "Sutherland Government Solutions" (a subsidiary of Sutherland Global Solutions) sought out BPro and another Arizona company called "Expert Technology Services Arizona (ETSAZ) to partner with them to create the AVID system.

Sutherland, a billion-dollar net annual revenue company, has a set of skills that you wouldn't typically associate with a voter registration database.

Take this very curious statement from their website:

"We make digital human."
At Sutherland, we create exceptionally engineered brand experiences that are a perfect match for the real people (and real moments) they're made for. We do that by combining human-centered design with the scale & accuracy of real time analytics, AI, cognitive technology and automation."

Why would a company that specialized in AI, real-time analytics, and automation be needed to create and maintain a database for Arizonans?

Company Who Helped Build Arizona's Registration Database

A section from the BPro/Sutherland proposal to the State of Arizona states:

"Team Sutherland has experience with data analytics, the use of algorithms for problem solving...For example, if a particular polling location experience long lines during periods of the day, analytics could be used to understand why. Possible approaches to examine this situation could combine the time stamps that ballots are cast with the address locations of voters when they check in at the polling place to highlight driving distances used by voters. The results may point to a better or additional polling location to help minimize wait times..."

Using analytics to reduce wait

times at the polls sounds great. You would think with tools like that the utter debacle that was the Maricopa County 2022 midterm elections could never have happened. But evidence presented in court and to the public strongly indicate that someone with access to the election management system purposely sabotaged ballot images used to print ballots at the polling sites so they would be rejected by tabulators on Election Day. Another shocking revelation revealed that Maricopa County election officials kept a heat map of expected Republican voters hanging on their wall and almost all the voting centers with machine problems were in deep red districts.

Could the advanced analytics Sutherland built into AVID be used to sabotage an election in Republican precincts using AVID? It's clear someone in Maricopa County was thinking along those lines.

Bpro Is Fully Connected To The Internet And Hosted On The Cloud

Considering the recent revelations that the Federal Government is pushing election officials to connect their election to the emergency use cellular network called FirstNet, which was built by AT&T and is widely viewed to be vulnerable to foreign attack, the statement on Sutherland's proposal that AT&T is their longest tenured client ["20+ year relationship"] is also troubling:

Sutherland Global's Statement On Avid Proposal

If full exposure to FirstNet wasn't enough of a vulnerability, Bpro/KNOWiNK hosts their software and their client's sensitive election data on the Microsoft Azure platform. Sutherland Global Services also lists Microsoft Azure as a partner.

In May and June of 2023, Chinese cyber hackers breached the US State Department, along with other US Federal Agencies, through the Microsoft Cloud. A recent Gateway Pundit article reported "According to the New York Times, "the hack, by a Chinese group that the company said was intent on conducting espionage, went undetected for a month.... [t]he investigation of the efforts by the Chinese hackers, who likely are affiliated with China's military or spy services, is ongoing, American officials said. But U.S. officials have downplayed the idea that the hackers stole sensitive information, insisting that no classified email or cloud

Con't on p. 4, KNOWiNK

Electronic Elections Systems are Compromised, Untrustworthy, and Cannot be Fixed.
USAF (Ret.) Col. Shawn Smith.
CauseOfAmerica.org
 28 minute video.----->
<https://rumble.com/v4ak143-col.-shawn-smith-at-turning-point-usa-event-in-las-vegas-january-2024.html>



Con't from p. 3, KNOWiNK

systems were penetrated. The State Department's cybersecurity team first discovered the intrusion.

Within the article, Laura Ingraham adds her commentary:

"Now, despite the Fed spending, what, 15.6 billion on cybersecurity, more than the GDP of nearly, what, 75 countries, Chinese cyberspies were able to exploit a fundamental gap in Microsoft's cloud, enabling them to hack email accounts at the State Department and other agencies. But this really should come as no surprise, because Microsoft has had a really symbiotic relationship for China for years now. As Forbes noted in a recent piece, in 2014, Microsoft became the first foreign company to offer public cloud computing services in the Chinese market. And in March of this year, they would begin offering OpenAI as part of its cloud services. And get this, Microsoft gave the Chinese government access to the source code for its Windows operating system. That happened back in March of 2003."

Bpro/Knowink Is A National Security Risk

BPro has a shady history – from its creation to its proliferation across the country. It is being used to perform tasks in our elections that as noted previously appear to be in blatant violation of state and federal law, and even in violation of the contracts BPro has made with its clients.

BPro/KNOWiNK are now controlling electronic poll pads, voter registration databases, election night reporting, and even processing of official election results in a majority of US states.

Call To Action Against Electronic Poll Pads

First, don't vote early. If no one early votes, it won't be an issue.

Second, if you do early vote, refuse to allow your ID to be scanned (the SOS said a voter can refuse, but what they will probably do is look you up on the poll pad without ID, which they can do. Please be nice to the clerk. They are good people like you who are trying to help with elections.)

Refuse to sign the electronic poll pad, and demand a Combination Form to sign (or something paper). Stand your ground.

Judge Jones, in his advisory role. 101 West Main St. Mail Unit 9 Room 101; FBG, TX 78624-3700 Phone 830-997-7502 Fax 830-992-2608

Jim Riley, who can change his mind at any time Visit in person: 95 Frederick Rd Suite 100 Mailing Address: Jim Riley; P.O. Box 351; FBG, TX 78624 Phone 830-997-6518; Fax 830-990-2307 Email: elections@gillespiecounty.org (may I suggest email is a waste of time; call instead)

Charles Olfers; County Commissioner Precinct 1 101 West Main St. Mail Unit 9 Room B-106; FBG, TX 78624-3700 Phone 830-997-7503 / 830-307-6095; Fax 830-992-2608; Email: colfers@gillespiecounty.org

Third, make a phone call every day until the poll pads are off the table.

At this point, the most important person to call is Judge Jones, because he might be able to persuade Jim Riley to not use electronic poll pads. Please be nice to him. He is only advisory. I don't think he can make the final decision.

Then call Jim Riley. He can change his mind if he wants to do so. Then call your county commissioner. The Elections Administrator is an unelected position, meaning they answer to no one. The Commissioners could pass the EA duties to an elected official who would be more accountable to the voters.

Keith Kramer; County Commissioner Precinct 2 101 West Main St. Mail Unit 9 Room B-106; FBG, TX 78624-3700 Phone 830-997-7503 / 830-307-6093; Fax 830-992-2608; Email: kkramer@gillespiecounty.org

Dennis Neffendorf; County Commissioner Precinct 3 101 West Main St. Mail Unit 9 Room B-104; FBG, TX 78624-3700 Phone 830-997-7503 / 830-307-6094; Fax 830-992-2608; Email: dneffendorf@gillespiecounty.org

Don Weinheimer; County Commissioner Precinct 4 101 West Main St. Mail Unit 9 Room 106; FBG, TX 78624-3700 Phone 830-997-7503 / 830-307-6096; Fax 830-992-2608 Email: dweinheimer@gillespiecounty.org

Some suggested questions:

- 1. Have you changed your mind about the poll pads?/ Has Jim changed his mind about the poll pads? 2. Is this your election or the Republican party's?/Is this Jim Riley's election, or the Republican Party's? 3. When are you going to change your mind?/When is Jim going to change his mind? 4 why are you doing this?/Why is Jim doing this? The key players follow:

We can prove the data this software produces indicates massive manipulation of the voter rolls, election night reporting, and election results reporting.

Revelations that our national infrastructure was spied on for months in the Solarwinds hack proves our national critical infrastructure can be and has been penetrated by foreign actors without the knowledge of CISA, the federal agency charged with securing our elections.

Evidence of all this manipulation

have been brought to election officials across the country. None of it has been explained nor has any effort been made to correct these issues.

The weaknesses and vulnerabilities in the TotalVote software are a national security emergency. Election officials who have sworn an oath to protect the election franchise cannot continue to ignore this system.

All of this software must be discontinued immediately to protect 2024.

Dallas: Poll Pads and Ballot Stuffing?

compiled from The Gateway Pundit articles by Brian Lupo

Poll pads and combination forms serve mostly the same purposes. Among other things, they sign in voters. By signing, a voter is taking an oath that they are eligible to vote at the location they are voting, under penalty of perjury. Poll pads and Combination Forms also track the number of people who have voted on that day.

The number of voters in the Poll pad/Combination Form is compared to the number of ballots used during the day, which should be the exact number of people who voted that day. The numbers should match exactly. If the numbers are off by even one, then something's wrong, and the clerks have to stop and figure out why the numbers don't match.

11-8-22, Dallas

During the Nov 8, 2022 election, "poll workers in Dallas, Tx captured the number of checked in voters on their poll pads jumping higher and higher right before polls closed, even though no new voters were checking in. While we only have confirmation of this one precinct because of the video, The Gateway Pundit is told by an individual present that his happened county wide in Dallas County. (22)

In the shorter of the videos, the poll pad in the screen jumps from 1,080 voters to 1,139 to 1,191 and finally to 1,259. No one or nothing is touching the poll pad as it is doing this. The poll pad displays "Poll Closed" to the left of the count.(22)

11-7-23, Dallas again

November 7, 2023, it happened again in Dallas, "On the Nov. 7th election, as polls were getting ready to close, poll workers noticed their ES&S ExpressPoll E-Pollbooks acting in almost the same behavior as 2022: hundreds of votes were added over the course of 15-20 minutes as they were beginning to prepare to close the polls. (23)

The poll book in the video should

have had 182 voters, however, the machine randomly began to add more and more voters until finally displaying "1,377 voters checked in", or 1,195 more voters than should have been displayed. (23)

In the video, you can hear multiple clerks stating the how number of voters on each of multiple poll pads is going up all by itself. (23)

Electronic Ballot Stuffing?

Various apologists for the poll books offered the explanation that the poll books had fallen behind, and were simply catching up. Such an explanation is completely absurd. What kind of catching up means adding 1,195 more votes than there were actual voters? As one clerk can be heard stating in the video: "they're feeding the ballots in after hours starting at 6:45." Maybe those who continually defend these machines should be called "election fraud deniers."

The Clerks Continue to Speak

--"sitting here doing nothing, and our numbers are just going [up]" --"300 to 920"

--"I'm only at 600 and something and I was never anywhere near that"

--"mine just jumped to 922"

--"I'm 1089 now"

--"Last time ...it was 642...my number now says...I'm at 817"

--"I'm at 1149" [Ed note: it would be really difficult to check in that many voters on 1 poll pad in 1 day, the number on the video, 1377, is even more unrealistic].

--Q: "What's going on now?" A: "The numbers are jumping."

--"What's 8 x 50? 400. It should have been 400...I should have had 400 in here" [Ed: that's a lot more realistic number for a clerk to check in on a poll pad] "and it has 647...which is bogus!"

--Q: "What's your total number now?" A: "1203" "There should be 300 in this machine and she's at

1200!" "And it's closed and it's still jumping."

--"It's happening to everybody."

--"They're trying to steal the election. There's no other explanation."

"They're feeds the ballots in after hours...right at 6:45."

"Scary, isn't it."

clerk asks: "so what does that mean?"

another one says: "that means they are literally rigging this

Misc Info on KNOWiNK, by USAF (Ret.) Col. Shawn Smith

KNOWiNK's (Poll Pads) Shady Connections, Including to China. USAF (Ret.) Col. Shawn Smith

1. KNOWiNK was created in 2011 and is owned by Scott Leiendecker, who "created the PollPad" in 2011, despite having no technical background or certifications, whatsoever, and then filed "ballot style validation" patents in 2019/2020, but the assignee for the patents is Tally LLC, created by Scott Leiendecker in 2016, dissolved in Dec 21, and other patents, previously assigned to Tally, now assigned to KNOWiNK, show Martin White (inventor) of Election Administrators, LLC (published assignee), which MO bus records show was sold/dissolved in 2016, but which had EA Pollbook and Election Assistant and EA Tablet as Win Laptop/Android pollbooks. I.e., Leiendecker didn't invent s**t, but he's suddenly porting EA Pollbook/Election Assistant to iPads, and offering five other functions (election management suite, on-demand ballot printing, election night reporting, voter registration management, and training) which look EXACTLY like the functions ... Konnech were offering, and Leiendecker/KNOWiNK is the fastest growing MO business (because NASS/NASED/EAC celebrated/promoted KNOW-

election" "we are watching it be rigged."

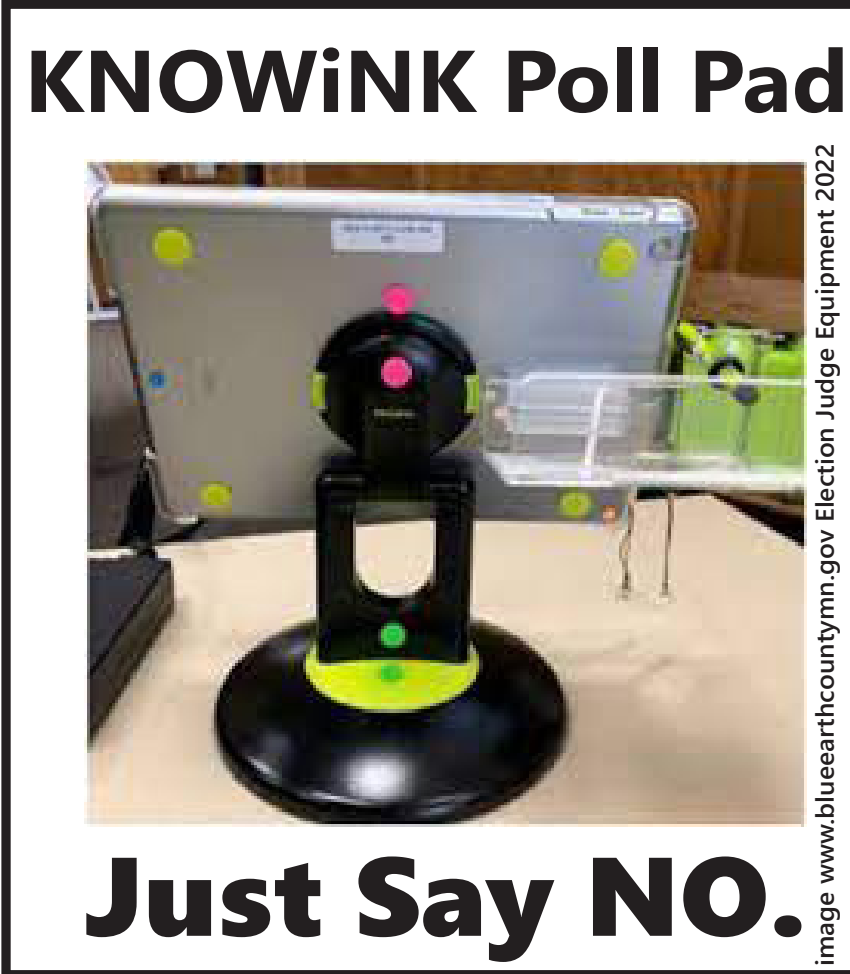
22 We Were Right: Major Issues Found in Dallas County and Other Texas Counties in 2020 Election Audit 12-24-22 8am

23 It Happened Again: Dallas County, Texas ES&S Pollbooks Add Hundreds of "Checked-in Voters"

on Their Own in Real-Time as Polls Close 11-13-23 8am

https://rumble.com/v1txuhk-poll-pads-add-voters-in-dallas-tx-precinct-after-polls-are-closed.html

We need 100 more volunteers to help us hand count for the March 5 Primary. (830) 998-1879; sirdavid@ktc.com



iNK) (I have the Election Administrators filings, the patents, etc, if needed). Bottom line is that there is someone behind KNOWiNK, and it isn't some former election administrator (Leiendecker); it's someone who can make foreign-owned/-staffed election tech companies sell and consolidate patents and services under a startup.

all errors or defects will be corrected." There's a lot of gold in there, but the foundational fact is they provide no warranty of accuracy.

[available on request] PollPad training guide

a. Note Hotspot on p. 6 - Wifi and LTE - this is putting a cellular/wifi hotspot next to your voting systems.

b. Note p. 10: where is the "Central Election" database and who has access? Refer back to the contract.

c. See p. 20: using PollPads to capture voter signatures, while connected to central database means that KNOWiNK can IN-SERT signatures into state voter roll repository.

5. KNOWiNK uses iPads; 25 known vulnerabilities published in 2023 alone; could easily be made the vector to attack/penetrate/compromise the voter rolls or the voting systems adjacent to them (which very nearly all have some kind of wireless connectivity).https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-49/product_id-74690/Apple-Ipad-Os.html?page=1&year=2023&month=-1&order=1&trc=80&sha=24d5694f1686e6c0752b5d8f-82c65ffc1131e621

a. Connected to People's Republic of China through Konnech.

b. Connected to multiple states voter registration systems/rolls (so names can be moved around/added/removed/duplicated).

4. [available on request] KNOWiNK contract, e.g. para 22: "KNOWiNK does not warrant that